# SHIHLIN DEVELOPMENT COMPANY LIMITED Minutes of 2025 Annual General Shareholders Meeting

**Time & Date**: 9:00 a.m. on May 27, 2025

Location: 17F., No. 8, Sec. 7, Civic Blvd., Taipei City (amba Hotels & Resorts)

Total shares represented by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 130,133,284 shares (including 4,589,812 shares casted electronically), accounting for 57.48% of total number of outstanding shares with voting right 226,379,090 shares.

Attendees: Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan

Director and General Manager: Lin, Hsin-Cheng

Independent Director: Wang, Chia-Kun · Chen, Chia-Hsiu

Sunshine Law Firm: Lawyer He, Zu-Shun

Certified Public Accountant, KPMG Certified Public Accountants: Pan, Chun-Ming.

**Chairman:** Mr. Hsu, Yu-Shan, Chairman of the Company **Minutes Taker:** Sammi Lin

**Meeting Commencement Announced:** The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present in person or by proxy constituted a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

### 1. Chairman's Remarks (omitted)

# 2. Report Items

Motion 1

Reason: 2024 business report. Please review.

Description: The Company's 2024 business report and 2025 business outlook. Please refer to

Attachment 1 . Please review.

(Questions raised by shareholders and the management's responses were omitted)

### Motion 2

Reason: Report on the 2024 financial statements reviewed by the Audit Committee. Please review. Description: A review report has been submitted with respect to the Company's 2024 financial statements reviewed by the Audit Committee. Please refer to Attachment 2 . Please review.

### Motion 3:

Reason: Report on the state of secured corporate bonds issued by the Company in 2024. Please review.

Description: 1.To repay loans, the Board of Directors meeting held on May 9, 2024 approved to issues the 2024 first domestic secured corporate bonds for NT\$600 million.

- 2. The terms and matters in relation to the issuance of the corporate bonds have been announced on the MOPS.
- 3. The issuance of the corporate bonds was applied to the Taipei Exchange (TPEx) and deemed effective by Order Letter Zheng-Gui-Zhai-Zi No. 11300071291 dated August 7, 2024. Trading of securities on the TPEx was approved starting August 14, 2024 by Order Letter Zheng-Gui-Zhai-Zi No. 11300072622 dated August 15, 2024. Please review.

### 3. Approval Items

Motion 1 Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Revenues & expenditures for the 2024 business report and financial statements.

Description:1.The Company's 2024 standalone financial statements and consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company and have been audited by CPAs Pan, Chun-Ming and Chen, Tsung-Che of KPMG Taiwan. An audit report has been issued and submitted to the Audit Committee for review alongside the business report.

2.For the Company's 2024 business report, Please refer to Attachment 1; for standalone financial statements, consolidated financial statements and CPAs' review report, Please refer to Attachment 3. Please acknowledge.

(Questions raised by shareholders and the management's responses were omitted)

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 130,133,284

Voting Results (including votes casted	% of the total represented share present	
Approval votes:	126,772,941 votes	97.42 %
Disapproval votes:	140,454 votes	0.11 %
Invalid votes:	0 vote	0.00 %
Abstention votes / No votes:	3,219,889 votes	2.47 %

Resolution: the proposal was approved after voting.

Motion 2 Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Motion for 2024 earnings and loss appropriation...

Descriptions:1.The Company's beginning loss to be made up for was NT\$760,907,696; add: current income after tax of NT\$157,377,492; less: other comprehensive income - change in the re-measurement of defined-benefit plans for the current period of NT\$30,246; the accumulated losses to be made up for the period is NT\$603,560,450.

- 2.As the Company had accumulated losses as of 2024, no dividends are intended to be distributed.
- 3. For the profit and loss table, Please refer to Attachment 4. Please acknowledge. (Questions raised by shareholders and the management's responses were omitted)

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 130,133,284

Voting Results (including votes casted	% of the total represented share present	
Approval votes:	126,776,624 votes	97.42 %
Disapproval votes:	136,793 votes	0.11 %
Invalid votes:	0 vote	0.00 %
Abstention votes / No votes:	3,219,867 votes	2.47 %

Resolution: the proposal was approved after voting.

### 4. Discussion Items

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Amendment to the "Articles of Incorporation"

Descriptions: 1. Pursuant to the Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1130385442 of the Financial Supervisory Commission, dated November 8, 2024, and in accordance with Article 172-2 of the Company Act and the Corporate Governance Blueprint 3.0, it is proposed to amend Articles 8-3, 14, 22, and 24 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

2. For Comparative Table of Contents of the Pre-Amendment and Post-Amendment to the "Articles of Incorporation", Please refer to Attachment 5. The motion is duly proposed for discussion.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 130,133,284

Voting Results (including votes caste	% of the total represented share present	
Approval votes:	126,773,963 votes	97.42 %
Disapproval votes:	137,475 votes	0.11 %
Invalid votes:	0 vote	0.00 %
Abstention votes / No votes:	3,221,846 votes	2.47 %

Resolution: the proposal was approved after voting.

### 5. Election Item

Subject: Motion on overall reelection of the Company's directors in full.

Descriptions:1.The tenure of office of the Company's incumbent directors is going to expire by June 9, 2025. As required by law, an overall reelection shall be conducted in the annual general meeting of Year 2025.

- 2. Eight seats of directors were elected for the current term (including three independent directors) into eight directorship seats (including three independent directors). The newly elected directors shall take office forthwith upon being elected with a three-year tenure of office starting from May 27, 2025 until May 26, 2028.
- 3. The Company's directors shall be elected under the candidate nomination system. Shareholders shall elect out of the list of the director candidates. For the list of the director candidates, please refer to Page 43 (Annex 6) of the present Handbook. The motion is duly proposed into election process.

Election Results: The list of the newly elected directors (including independent directors) with votes received is as follows:

Title	Name	Votes Received
Director	Shunlin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Hsu, Yu-Shan	148,242,043
Director	Chuang Sheng Investment Co., Ltd. Representative:Lee, Chang-Lin	135,973,036
Director	Chen, Hui-Yu	127,439,854

Title	Name	Votes Received
Director	Lin, Hsin-Cheng	126,339,239
Director	Xiemei Industrial Co., Ltd. Representative: Yeh, Chi-Chao	123,149,192
Independent Director	Wang, Chia-Kun	120,707,637
Independent Director	Chen, Chia-Hsiu	116,835,879
Independent Director	Chiu, Hsiao-Han	114,958,866

# 6. Other Items

Subject:

A motion to lift the newly elected directors and representatives thereof from prohibition of business strife.

- Descriptions: 1. As expressly provided for in Article 209 of the Company Act, a newly elected director of the Company who does anything in investment or engaging in an act similar to the scope of the Company's business lines for himself or herself or on behalf of another person shall explain to the meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and obtain the approval in the very premise without being harmful to the Company's interests:
  - 2. For the contents to lift the Company's candidates of directors (including independent directors) of Year 2025 from prohibition of business strife, Please refer to Attachment 7. According to law, the motion is herewith proposed to the shareholders' regular meeting for an approval to lift the newly elected directors and the representatives thereof from prohibition of business strife.

Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 130,133,284

Voting Results (including votes ca	% of the total represented share present	
Approval votes:	126,739,661 votes	97.39 %
Disapproval votes:	138,289 votes	0.11 %
Invalid votes:	0 vote	0.00 %
Abstention votes / No votes:	3,255,034 votes	2.50 %

Resolution: the proposal was approved after voting.

# 7. Extemporary Motion: None.

### 8. Meeting Adjourned: May 27, 2025, 09:55 AM

(Questions raised by shareholders and the management's responses were omitted)

# [Annex 1]

# Shihlin Development Company Limited 2024 Business Report

Dear Shareholders,

First of all, I would like to express my gratitude to you all, ladies and gentlemen as our shareholders, for your continuous support during the past year. Our 2024 operating results and 2025 business outlook are as follows:

# I. 2024 Operating Results

(I) Business plan implementation results

The operating revenue recognized for 2024 totaled NTD 2,591,833 thousand.

(II) Budget implementation:

Item	2024 actual number	2024 forecasted number	Achievement rate %		
Operating revenue	2,591,833				
Operating costs	(1,864,832)				
Gross profit	727,001	Financial	Not		
Operating expenses	(502,902)	forecasts not	applicable		
Non-business income (expenditures)	(54,746)	published			
Net income before tax	169,353				

(III) Analyses into financial revenues and expenditures and profitability

Unit: NTD thousand

Unit: NTD thousand

	Year	2024	2023
Financial	Net operating income	2,591,833	609,213
income and	income and Gross profit	727,001	303,826
expenditures	Net income (loss) after tax	167,267	(114,897)

	Year	•	2024	2023
	Return on assets (%)		2.34	(0.56)
	Return on shareh equity (%)	nolders'	10.87	(7.66)
Profitability	As a lity percentage of	Operating profit	9.90	(2.44)
	paid-in capital	Income	7.48	(4.99)
	ratio (%)	before tax		
	Profit margin (%	<u> </u>	6.45	(18.86)
	Earnings per sha	re (NTD)	0.70	(0.53)

### (IV) Research and development work

We hold a firm grasp of the real estate market and can carefully evaluate the location of the product, features of the surrounding environment, and the needs of consumers, while developing plans for simple designs that live side by side with the environment. We also choose quality architectural teams and follow all applicable construction laws to plan our buildings, integrating aesthetics and practical functions to provide consumers with long-term housing that is "100% space efficient." In addition, the Company will carry out research associated with urban renewal, commercial real estate, and affordable housing in conjunction with future continuous development.

# II. Summary of 2025 business plan

# (I) Business policy:

1. The real estate market in 2024 was a rollercoaster. Although the variables included known gray rhinos, such as changes in the overall economy and the continuation of the policy of suppressing speculation in the real estate market, as well as expected black swans like the Taiwan presidential election and changes in the situation across the Taiwan Strait, including the US presidential election (Trump's election), the results were not as apparent as the capital frenzy brought about by the new youth family-planning policy launched in September 2023. This policy directly fueled the last wave of prosperity in the real estate market across Taiwan, until the seventh wave of selective credit control in September 2024 triggered a financial tsunami, after which the real estate market reversed downward.

In a time when the housing market is filled with uncertainties and experiencing a shrinking volume for consolidation, small and medium-sized construction companies are facing financial and operational difficulties. However, in the external environment, fierce competition among peers can eliminate those that are unfit for the market. In terms of internal execution, strengthening urban renewal projects in the best locations in the city center will lead to adequate business growth even during a downturn.

- 2. Our strategy for land development focuses on the co-development of renovation of old buildings and urban renewal projects in the Greater Taipei area, supplemented by selfconstruction of purchased land. At this point, we still emphasize the projects of residential buildings, but will continue to find projects of commercial and industrial buildings.
- 3. In response to structural and environmental changes such as population structure/family composition/aging/pandemic and environmental protection, in addition to revision and refinement of our product positioning, we follow the development trend of ESG by planning the design and construction of green buildings that are energy-saving and carbon-reducing and responding to extreme climates. In terms of construction, we have the research and development of pandemic control methods and the introduction of green energy and resource reuse methods. In terms of materials, we will introduce green supply chain and

- environmental protection and low-carbon building materials in order to create products that meet customer needs and future trends.
- 4. For products in the construction industry, influenced by the long processing and production cycles, the sharp rise in construction costs, and the lack of labor and materials in recent years, we will first acquire land or obtain the permit for urban renewal projects. We will then secure the demolition and construction permits and find contractors to start the work as soon as possible, before carrying out our sales operations in a timely manner. Our "Cheng-Xin-Yao-Yao" and "Living Above the Skyline" projects have adopted this approach for the start of construction and sales operations.
- 5. Despite the significant increase in construction costs, the Company continues to strictly control quality and costs. Rigorous budget management and a sound audit system are used to reduce costs and expenditures, improve the return on investment and perform efficient operation management. We implement the standardization of operating projects, ensure project quality, strictly control their progress, and comprehensively enhance quality and technology. Our "Living Above the Skyline" project has successfully awarded contracts to contractors to commence construction in 2024.
- 6. Meet customer needs and strengthen after-sales service by reinforcing the service skills of customer service and sales personnel, establishing a customer service system, and providing comprehensive after-sales service and regular maintenance to increase customer satisfaction and trust. We have carried out the procedures and conducted verification, review, and revision in the delivery of completed projects during Q3 and Q4 of 2024.
- 7. The competent authority has increased its control on the construction industry. We will cooperate with the relevant government laws and regulations, focus on the update and research of regulations and respond with conservative strategies to protect the rights and interests of shareholders.

(II) Expected sales volume, case submission for review and construction progress:

Projects that have been promoted to sale and submitted for review and are in-progress.

Project name	Location/base area	Description	
Cheng-Xin-Yao- Yao	Datong District, approximately 1,009 ping (3335.5 square meters)	75% of the project has been sold, with a total sales amount of NT\$6 billion. The sales are ongoing and it is expected that the project will be completed and delivered by mid-2027.	
Living Above the Skyline  Neihu District, approximately 928 ping (3067.8 square meters)  Daan District, approximately 680 ping (2248 square meters)		Early-bird promotions were conducted after construction officially started in Q3 2024, with total sales amounting to NT\$5.5 billion. It is expected that the project will be completed and delivered in 2029.	
		The total sales amount was about NTD 5 billion. The urban renewal project was submitted for approval in September 2023 and is currently under review.	
Ruian Street project	Daan District, approximately 529 ping (1748.8 square meters)	The total sales amount was about NTD 3 billion.  The urban renewal project was submitted for approval in April 2024 and is currently under review (This case is the Urban Renewal Project 168).	
Section 6, Zhongshan North Road project Shilin District, approximately 388 ping (1,282.7 square meters)		The total sales amount was about NTD 1 billion.  The urban renewal project was submitted for approval in May 2024 and is currently under review (This case is the Urban Renewal Project 168).	
Songde Road project	Xinyi District, approximately 1,127 ping (2248 square meters)	The total sales is approximately NT\$6 billion, and the urban renewal project is estimated to be submitted for approval in Q2 2025.	
Mei-Hao-Ri-An  Tianmu, approximately 173 ping (571.9 square meters)		Total sales amounted to NTD 300 million. Note*	

Note\*: After the original building is demolished by the landowner, it will be handed over to us for construction.

Looking ahead to 2025, in addition to continuing the construction, sales, and urban renewal procedures of the aforementioned project, we will actively promote the Fujin Street projects in Songshan District, the Dongfeng Street case and An-He Road project in Da'an District, the Xiangshan project in Xinyi District, and other urban renewal projects, as well as the development of prime locations in Taipei City.

### (III) Production and sales policies:

# 1. Production strategy-

- (1) Look for areas and products with good development potential, convenient transportation, strong appreciation potential, and that meet consumer needs, and gradually expand land development outside of New Taipei and Taipei City. However, the company's main customer base is property buyers and self-occupied customers. With a philosophy centered on building quality homes with craftsmanship, the company prioritizes land development in prime areas of Taipei City.
- (2) There are currently only a small number of commercial/factory office projects. However, we will be able to increase their proportion to meet market demand and increase profitability when suitable opportunities arise.
- (3) Meticulously plan and design acquired land based on regional characteristics and consumer needs.
- (4) Carefully select building materials and prioritize quality to improve living functions, increasing the added value of our products.
- (5) Continue to manage "Urban renewal, dangerous and old buildings" projects in prime locations in the city on par with the government's incentives for urban renewal and the Statute for Expediting Reconstruction of Urban Unsafe and Old Buildings, to maintain stable projects in prime locations.

# 2. Sales strategy-

- (1) In response to the impact of the significant increase in construction costs, the future projects will be built and sold as soon as possible depending on the market condition. At the same time, the sources of property buyers and customers who purchase home for their own use are monitored to ensure the stability of the company's revenue and profit.
- (2) Aim at high price local regions; however, actual sales will be carried out at an appropriate price in accordance with current conditions to emphasize profitability and capital turnover while reducing inventory.
- (3) If there is still inventory for sales to the public after the commencement of construction, the subsequent sales strategy will be flexibly adjusted depending on the market condition to ensure better profitability when the market price rebounds in the future.
- (IV) Future development strategy, and the effect of external competition, the legal environment, and the overall business environment:

Looking back at the housing market of 2024, its performance has shifted from hot to cold. Overall, although inflation (Consumer Price Index, CPI) has gradually declined, the interest

rate has been raised six times since 2022, and the cumulative monetary tightening policy of 0.875 percentage points has kept the short-term interest rate trend high. In addition, the factors related to the presidential election, both domestically and internationally (in the USA), are still not conducive to housing sales, resulting in a withdrawal and a wait-and-see attitude from the demand side. In terms of supply, the domestic policies - such as the House and Land Transactions Income Tax, the Actual Price Registration of Real Estate Transaction 2.0, the amendment and implementation of the Equalization of Land Rights Act, the House Hoarding Tax 2.0, and selective credit control –adopted financial controls and applied pressure on construction firms to curb speculation, resulting in rising capital costs. Although the price hikes of raw materials are expected to slow down, the shortage of foreign and domestic construction workers, rising wages, anticipated future increases in water and electricity costs, and additional expenses in response to ESG trends and carbon taxes will keep construction costs high. In addition, the seventh wave of selective credit controls will tighten the ratio of real estate loans to total loans, directly reducing the proportion of funds flowing into the real estate market. This is the last straw that breaks the camel's back on both the supply and demand sides, making the overall environment quite unfriendly for construction firms and the real estate market.

Looking forward to the new year, in addition to the aforementioned unfavorable factors for construction companies, there are also foreseeable black swans that cannot be ignored. The first is the new policy of President Trump. The second is that the tension in relations across the Taiwan Strait remains high. The third is whether the central bank will once again impose selective credit controls. Fourth, it is estimated that up to 400,000 new homes will be completed and delivered from 2025 to 2027, and the supply will increase significantly; in 2024 alone, about 138,180 households obtained a use permit. The situation is grim, and there is no room for optimism.

Although the population has gradually decreased due to social changes over the past 10 years (with the number of births equaling the number of deaths since 2019) and the country is projected to become a super-aged society in 2026, changes in the population structure (the national average family size has reduced to about 2.5 people, the phenomenon of children leaving their original family homes for separate housing is apparent, and the number of single individuals has increased) have stimulated a rising demand for housing. According to data from the Ministry of the Interior regarding changes in housing supply and demand in Taiwan over the past 10 years, the housing market in Taiwan is, on average, in oversupply. Further inspection shows that only the four major metropolitan areas of Taipei City, New Taipei City, Taoyuan City, and Taichung City have a housing supply shortage, especially in Taipei City, where market demand far exceeds new supply.

Therefore, the Company will continue to focus on its existing production strategies and actively and carefully select prime areas in Taipei City as the first choice for land acquisition, urban renewal, and project launches. Because acquiring land in Taipei City and New Taipei

City is challenging, we will also consider other quality redevelopment zones that are equipped with convenient transportation links and development projects in the distribution areas of major related construction.

Despite the difficult external environment, the Company will still target products that conform to the brand image and architectural concepts, strictly control costs and expenses, and strive to improve the added value of products, especially the community building, in order to increase the competitive advantages for a better market share. We believe that the Company's brand and value can be better highlighted in such a challenging environment. We adhere to the philosophy of sustainable management, focus on our core business, and aim to create the maximum benefits for our shareholders and employees in order to pursue the Company's operation and profitability growth.

Thank you for your long-standing support and encouragement, we will continue to make every effort to create brand value for the Company and share the operating results with you.

Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan Managerial officer: Chief accounting officer:

Lin, Hsin-Cheng Kuo, Ying-Yen

# Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared and submitted the Company's 2024 business report, financial statements and profit and loss appropriation table. Among these, the financial statements have been audited by KPMG Taiwan, and an audit report has been issued accordingly. The abovementioned business report, financial statements and profit and loss appropriation table have not been found to be inconsistent after the audit by the Audit Committee, and we have therefore prepared the report in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. Please review.

To

The Company's 2025 Annual General Meeting

Shihlin Development Company Limited

Convener of the Audit Committee: Wang, Chia-Kun

March 6, 2025

# [Annex 3]

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To Shihlin Development Company Limited,

## **Audit opinion**

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Shihlin Development Company Limited (the "Company") for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and the relevant standalone statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and relevant notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying standalone financial statements, based on our audit results and other CPAs' audit reports (see "Other matters" paragraph), present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years then ended, and its financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

# Basis for the audit opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards of the Republic of China. Our responsibility under those standards are further described in the paragraph "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements". We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We are convinced, based on our audit results and other CPAs' audit report, that we have acquired enough and appropriate audit evidence to serve as the basis of audit opinion.

### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters refer to the most vital matters in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024, based on our professional judgment. These matters were addressed in our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our audit opinion. We do not express a separate opinion on these matters. Key audit matters of the standalone financial statements of the Company are stated as follows:

# I. Real estate revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(17) to the standalone financial statements for the accounting policy on income recognition; please refer to Note 6(19) to the standalone financial statements for the revenue from customer contracts.

Description of key audit matters:

One of the main sources of revenue for the Company is real estate. The risk of material misstatement lies in the authenticity of revenue recognition. Since operating revenue involves management's performance, management may not recognize revenue in advance or defer the recognition of revenue in accordance with regulations in order to achieve the expected net profit, which may, in turn, materially misstate profit or loss. Therefore, the testing of the income recognized is one of the important matters to be audited during our audit of the Company's standalone financial statements.

### Audit procedures:

Conducted control testing on the sales and collection cycle to evaluate how the controls prevent and detect errors and fraud in income recognition; performed verification testing by sampling and reviewing sales contracts and real estate transfer registration documents with customers, and checked sales data against general ledger details to assess whether the Company's revenue recognition policy complies with relevant regulations; conducted cutoff testing on operating revenue to confirm that revenue is recognized in the appropriate period.

# II. Inventory valuation

Please refer to Note 4 (7) "Inventories" to standalone financial statements for the accounting policy on inventory valuation; please refer to Note 5(1) to the standalone financial statements for the uncertainty of estimates and assumptions for the inventory valuation; please refer to Note 6(5) "Inventories" to standalone financial statements for details of inventories.

# Description of key audit matters:

The Company's construction inventories are an important asset for operations, accounting for about 75% of its total assets; inventory valuation is handled in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IAS) 2. If the net realizable value is not properly appraised, the financial statements will be misstated. Therefore, the test of inventory values is one of our key audit matters during the audit of the Company's standalone financial statements.

# Audit procedures:

The audit procedures we have implemented for the above-mentioned key audit matters include: understanding the Company's internal operating procedures and accounting for subsequent inventory measurement; obtaining the assessment data of the net realizable value of the Company's inventories; randomly examining the market prices of the aforementioned items, the most recent nearby real estate transactions, the prices of the Group's recent sales contracts, the real estate prices registered with the Ministry of the Interior, and the publicly announced land value; and obtaining a case-by-case return on investment analysis table to check and verify whether the net realizable values of the inventories are appropriate. We also assessed whether the Company's disclosure of inventory-related information was appropriate.

#### Other matters

Among the investments using the equity method recognized by the Company, some investees' financial statements were not audited by us but by other CPAs. Therefore, in the opinion we expressed on said standalone financial statements, such investees' amounts listed in the financial statements were based on the audit report by other CPAs. The investment amount recognized for some investees using the equity method as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 accounted for 0.81% and 0.87% of the total assets, respectively. The share of profit or loss of some subsidiaries and associates, i.e. investees using the equity

method, recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 accounted for (2.31)% and 3.58% of the net profit(loss) before tax, respectively.

# Responsibilities of the management and the governing bodies for the standalone financial statements

The responsibilities of the management are to prepare the standalone financial statements with fair presentation in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and to maintain necessary internal control associated with the preparation in order to ensure that the financial statements are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the ability of the Company in continuing as a going concern, disclosing relevant matters, and adopting the going concern basis of accounting unless the management intends to liquidate the Company or cease the operations without other viable alternatives.

The Company's governing bodies (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for supervising the financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error and to issue an independent auditors' report. Reasonable assurance is a high-level assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from frauds or errors. If the amounts of misstatements, either separately or in aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the users of the standalone financial statements, they are considered material.

We have utilized our professional judgment and professional skepticism when performing the audit work in accordance with the auditing standards of the Republic of China. We also performed the following tasks:

- 1. Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement arising from fraud or error within the standalone financial statements; designed and executed countermeasures in response to said risks, and obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion. Fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Therefore, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error.
- 2. Understood the internal control related to the audit in order to design appropriate audit procedures under the circumstances, while not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies adopted and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and relevant disclosures made by the management.
- 4. Concluded on the appropriateness of the management's adoption of the going concern basis of accounting based on the audit evidence obtained and whether a material uncertainty exists for events or conditions that may cast significant doubt over the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we are of the opinion that a material uncertainty exists, we shall remind users of the standalone financial statements to pay attention to relevant disclosures in said statements within our audit report. If such disclosures are inadequate, we need to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the

- audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluated the overall presentation, structure, and content of the standalone financial statements (including relevant notes), and whether the standalone financial statements adequately present the relevant transactions and events.
- 6. Obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence concerning the financial information of investees using the equity method, to express an opinion on the standalone financial statements. We were responsible for guiding, supervising, and performing the audit and forming an audit opinion about the Company.

The matters communicated between us and the governing bodies included the planned scope and times of the audit and material audit findings (including any material defects in internal control identified during the audit).

We also provided the governing bodies with a declaration that we have complied with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China regarding independence and communicated with them all relations and other matters that may possibly be regarded as detrimental to our independence (including relevant protective measures).

From the matters communicated with the governing bodies, we determined the key audit matters for the audit of the Company's standalone financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. We have clearly indicated such matters in the auditors' report. Unless legal regulations prohibit the public disclosure of specific matters, or in extremely rare cases, where we decided not to communicate over specific items in the auditors' report for it could be reasonably anticipated that the negative effects of such disclosure would be greater than the public interest it brings forth.

CPA:

Competent Security Authority
Approval Document No.

Financial Supervisory Commission Approval
Document, Reference No.: FSC Zheng-ShengZi NO. 1110333933
Financial Supervisory Commission Approval
Document, Reference No.: FSC Zheng-ShengZi NO. 1000011652

**KPMG** Taiwan

# Shihlin Development Company Limited Balance Sheets

# For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

**Unit: NTD thousand** 

	Assets	2024.12 Amount	31 %	2023.12.3 Amount	<u>1</u> %		Liabilities and equity		2024.12.31 nount	<u>%</u>	2023.12.3 Amount	<u>81 %</u>
	Current assets:		<u> </u>				Current liabilities:					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6(1))	\$ 493,5	65 6	622,225	7	2100	Short-term borrowings (Note 6(11))	\$ 2	2,738,845	32	2,776,200	34
1150	Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 6(3) and (19))		82 -	7	-	2110	Short-term notes and bills payable (Note 6(12))		-	-	199,546	2
1200	Other receivables (Note 6(4))	94,6	46 1	57,391	1	2130	Contract liabilities - current (Note 6(19))		831,374	10	724,258	, 9
130X	Inventories (Notes 6(5) and 8)	6,352,7	97 75	6,123,488	74	2150	Notes payable		134	-	2,550	<i>j</i> –
1410	Prepayments	121,7	54 1	167,130	2	2170	Accounts payable		465,232	5	341,754	. 4
1476	Other financial assets - current (Notes 6(10) and 8)	312,2	02 4	368,065	4	2200	Other payables		75,555	1	57,204	. 1
1479	Other current assets - others	20,1	37 -	7,179	-	2250	Provision for liabilities - current (Note 6(15))		378	-	151	
1480	Incremental cost of obtaining contracts - current	233,0	59 3	226,203	3	2280	Lease liabilities - current (Notes 6(14) and 7)		8,443	-	7,304	
		7,628,2	52 90	7,571,688	91	2310	Advance receipts		240	-	300	<i>)</i> –
	Non-current assets:					2320	Long-term liabilities due within one year or one operating cycle (Note 6 (13))		-	-	599,940	7
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-	69,7	56 1	66,813	1	2399	Other current liabilities - others		12,137	-	1,392	<u>, - </u>
	current (Note 6(2))								4,132,338	48	4,710,599	57
1550	Investments using the equity method (Note 6(6))	299,8	04 4	278,011	4		Non-current liabilities:					
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note 6(7))	8	31 -	711	-	2530	Corporate bonds payable (Note 6(13))		2,795,533	33	2,196,102	. 26
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note 6(8))	13,7	70 -	13,774	-	2580	Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 6(14) and 7)		5,404	-	6,533	-
1760	Net investment property (Notes 6(9))	6,8	)9 -	6,809	-	2670	Other non-current liabilities - others		1,636	-	449	<u> </u>
1780	Intangible assets	6	12 -	811	-				2,802,573	33	2,203,084	26
1980	Other financial assets - non-current (Notes 6(10) and 8)	440,9	56 5	341,418	4		Total liabilities	(	6,934,911	81	6,913,683	83
1990	Other non-current assets - others	5	)9 -	-			<b>Equity:</b> (Note 6(17)):					
		833,0	57 10	708,347	9	3100	Share capital	2	2,263,791	27	2,263,791	27
						3200	Capital surplus		17,484	-	17,484	
						3300	Retained earnings	,	(553,298)	(6)	(710,645)	(8)
						3400	Other equity		(201,579)	(2)	(204,278)	(2)
							Total equity		1,526,398	19	1,366,352	. 17
	Total assets	<b>\$ 8,461,3</b>	09 100	8,280,035	100		Total liabilities and equity	\$	8,461,309	100	8,280,035	100

 $(Please\ refer\ to\ the\ Notes\ to\ the\ Standalone\ Financial\ Statements)$ 

Managerial officer: Lin, Hsin-Cheng Chief accounting officer: Kuo, Ying-Yen

Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan

# **Shihlin Development Company Limited**

# **Statements of Comprehensive Income**

# For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

**Unit: NTD thousand** 

			2024		2023	
			Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenues(Note 6(19) and 7)	\$	1,921,139	100	3,387	100
5000	Operating costs (Note 6(5))		1,536,573	80	332	10
	Gross profit from operations		384,566	20	3,055	90
	Operating expenses (Notes 6(14)(15) and 12):					
6100	Selling expenses		78,068	4	-	-
6200	General and administrative expenses		132,564	7	97,523	2,879
			210,632	11	97,523	2,879
	Net operating profit (loss)		173,934	9	(94,468)	(2,789)
	Non-operating income and expenses:					
7100	Interest income (Note 6(21))		7,557	-	16,926	500
7010	Other income (Notes 6(2) and (21))		12,600	1	4,296	127
7020	Other gains and losses (Note 6 (21))		(8,523)	-	(10,469)	(309)
7050	Finance costs (Notes 6(21) and 7)		(54,879)	(3)	(54,345)	(1,605)
7070	Share of profits or losses on subsidiaries and associates					
	recognized using the equity method (Note 6(6))		27,896	1	18,752	553
	Total non-operating income and expenses		(15,349)	(1)	(24,840)	(734)
7900	Net income (loss) before tax		158,585	8	(119,308)	(3,523)
7950	<b>Income tax expenses</b> (Note 6(16))		1,208	-	-	
8200	Net income (loss) for the period		157,377	8	(119,308)	(3,523)
8300	Other comprehensive income:					
8310	Items not reclassified to profit or loss					
8311	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		-	-	467	14
8316	Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity		2,953	-	20,569	607
	instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income					
8330	Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries,		(284)	-	292	9
	associates, and joint ventures recognized using the equity					
	method - items not reclassified to profit or loss					
8349	Income tax related to items not reclassified		-	-	-	
	mediae tax related to items not reclassified					
8500			2,669	-	21,328	630
0500	Comprehensive income for the period  Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	2,669 <b>160,046</b>	- 8	21,328 ( <b>97,980</b> )	
0300	Comprehensive income for the period	<u>\$</u>				
9750	Comprehensive income for the period  Total comprehensive income for the period	<u>\$</u>				

(Please refer to the Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements)

Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan Managerial officer: Chief accounting officer:

Lin, Hsin-Cheng Kuo, Ying-Yen

# Shihlin Development Company Limited Statements of Changes in Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

**Unit: NTD thousand** 

Other equity

				R	etained earnings		items Unrealized valuation gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through other	
	Con	nmon stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Deficit to be compensated	Total	comprehensive income	Total equity
Balance as at January 1, 2023	\$	2,263,791	17,484	50,262	(642,066)	(591,804)	(225,139)	1,464,332
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(119,308)	(119,308)	-	(119,308)
Comprehensive income for the period		-	-		467	467	20,861	21,328
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-		(118,841)	(118,841)	20,861	(97,980)
Balance as at December 31, 2023		2,263,791	17,484	50,262	(760,907)	(710,645)	(204,278)	1,366,352
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	157,377	157,377	-	157,377
Comprehensive income for the period		-	-		(30)	(30)	2,699	2,669
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-		157,347	157,347	2,699	160,046
Balance as at December 31, 2024	\$	2,263,791	17,484	50,262	(603,560)	(553,298)	(201,579)	1,526,398

(Please refer to the Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements)

Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan Managerial officer: Lin, Hsin-Cheng Chief accounting officer: Kuo, Ying-Yen

# **Shihlin Development Company Limited**

# **Statements of Cash Flows**

# For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

**Unit: NTD thousand** 

		2024	2023
ash flow from operating activities:			
Net income (loss) before tax for the period	\$	158,585	(119,308)
Adjustments:			
Income and expenses			
Depreciation expense		9,015	8,206
Amortization expense		490	466
Interest expense		54,879	54,345
Interest income		(7,557)	(16,926)
Dividend income		(25)	(24)
Share of profits on subsidiaries and associates recognized using	3	(27,896)	(18,752)
the equity method			
Others		(4,667)	16,635
Total income and expenses		24,239	43,950
Changes in assets/liabilities related to operating activities:			
Net change in assets related to operating activities:			
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable		(75)	497
Decrease (increase) in other receivables		(36,317)	2,276
Increase in inventory		(157,397)	(1,496,813)
Decrease (increase) in prepayments		42,185	(38,603)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets		(12,821)	868
Increase in incremental cost of obtaining contracts		(6,856)	-
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets		(32,362)	73,154
Total of net change in assets related to operating activities		(203,643)	(1,458,621)
Net change in liabilities related to operating activities:			
Increase in contract liabilities		107,116	132,640
Increase (decrease) in notes payable		(2,416)	2,550
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		128,180	(100,483)
Decrease (increase) in other payables		14,740	(6,578)
Increase in provision		227	50
Decrease in advance receipts		(60)	(322)
Decrease (increase) in other current liabilities		10,745	(1,844)
Total of net change in liabilities related to operating activitie	s	258,532	26,013
Total net changes in assets and liabilities related to		54,889	(1,432,608)
operating activities			
Total adjustments		79,128	(1,388,658)
Cash inflows (outflows) from operations		237,713	(1,507,966)
Interest received		6,619	17,002
Dividends received		5,844	6,940
Interest paid		(120,053)	(83,725)
Income tax paid		(1,346)	(1,618)
Net cash inflows (outflows) from operating activities		128,777	(1,569,367)

# Cash flow from investing activities:

Capital contributions returned due to liquidation of subsidiary		-	5,888
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(821)	(115)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(291)	(777)
Increase in other financial assets		(141,666)	(14,022)
Decrease in other financial assets		130,353	123,995
Increase in other non-current assets		(509)	
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities		(12,934)	114,969
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Increase in short-term borrowings		1,278,245	1,593,000
Decrease in short-term borrowings	(	1,315,600)	(404,023)
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable		(200,000)	200,000
Issuance of corporate bonds		600,000	-
Repayment of corporate bonds		(600,000)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received		1,194	-
Decrease in guarantee deposits received		(7)	(135)
Lease principal repayment		(8,335)	(9,348)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities		(244,503)	1,379,494
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the period		(128,660)	(74,904)
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents		622,225	697,129
Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	493,565	622,225

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To Shihlin Development Company Limited,

### **Audit opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Shihlin Development Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Group") for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and the relevant consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and relevant notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to collectively as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements, based on our audit results and other CPAs' audit reports (see "Other matters" paragraph), present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years then ended and its consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the International Financial Reporting Standards (hereinafter referred to as IFRS), International Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (hereinafter referred to as IFRIC) and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (hereinafter collectively referred to as "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) of the Republic of China.

# Basis for the audit opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards of the Republic of China. Our responsibility under those standards are further described in the paragraph "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements". We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We are convinced, based on our audit results and other CPAs' audit report, that we have acquired enough and appropriate audit evidence to serve as the basis of audit opinion.

# **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters refer to the most vital matters in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024, based on our professional judgment. These matters were addressed in our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our audit opinion. We do not express a separate opinion on these matters. Key audit matters of the consolidated financial statements of the Group are stated as follows:

### I. Real estate revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(17) to the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policy on income recognition; please refer to Note 6(20) to the consolidated financial statements.

# Description of key audit matters:

One of the main sources of revenue for the Group is real estate. The risk of material misstatement lies in the authenticity of revenue recognition. Since operating revenue involves management's performance, management may not recognize revenue in advance or defer revenue recognition in accordance with regulations in order to achieve the expected net profit, which may, in turn, materially misstate profit or loss. Therefore, the testing of the income recognized is one of the important matters to be audited during our audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements.

### Audit procedures:

Conducted control testing on the sales and collection cycle to evaluate how the controls prevent and detect errors and fraud in income recognition; performed verification testing by sampling and reviewing the sales contracts and real estate transfer registration documents with customers, and checked sales data against general ledger details to assess whether the Group's revenue recognition policy complies with relevant regulations; conducted cutoff testing on operating revenue to confirm that revenue is recognized in the appropriate period.

# II. Recognition of the income from hotel rooms, and catering services

Please refer to Note 4(17) to the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policy on income recognition; please refer to Note 6(20) to the consolidated financial statements for the description of income.

# Description of key audit matters:

The Group's revenue is mainly from guest rooms and catering services. Due to the characteristics of this industry, the revenue consists of a large number of small-amount transactions, so the risk of error is high. Therefore, the testing of the income from hotel rooms, and catering services recognized is one of the important matters to be audited during our audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

# Audit procedures:

Understood the income from hotel rooms and catering services to understand the effectiveness of internal control over sales process and the design thereof and tested whether the internal control related to the timing of income recognition was effective; randomly checked customers' bills and uniform invoices and other materials from the sales for a selected period before and after the balance sheet date to see if they were consistent with the billing records to evaluate if the income was recognized in the correct period.

# III. Inventory valuation

Please refer to Note 4 (8) "Inventories" to consolidated financial statements for the accounting policy; please refer to Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements for the uncertainty of estimates and assumptions for the inventory valuation; please refer to Note 6(5) to consolidated financial statements for details of inventories.

### Description of key audit matters:

The Group's construction inventories are an important asset for operations, accounting for

about 66% of its total assets; inventory valuation is handled in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IAS) 2. If the net realizable value is not properly appraised, the financial statements will be misstated. Therefore, the test of inventory values is one of our key audit matters during the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

## Audit procedures:

The audit procedures we have implemented for the above-mentioned key audit matters include: understanding the Group's internal operating procedures and accounting for subsequent inventory measurement; obtaining the assessment data for the net realizable value of the Group's inventories; randomly examining the market prices of the above items, the most recent nearby real estate transactions, the prices of the Group's recent sales contracts, the real estate prices registered with the Ministry of the Interior, and publicly announced land values; as well as obtaining a case-by-case return on investment analysis table to check and verify whether the net realizable values of the inventories are appropriate. We also assessed whether the Group's disclosure of inventory-related information was appropriate.

### Other matters

Among the subsidiaries included in the Group's consolidated financial statements, Charter Leisure Co., Ltd.'s financial statements were not audited by us but by other CPAs. Therefore, in the opinion we expressed on said consolidated financial statements, Charter Leisure Co., Ltd.'s amounts listed in the financial statements were based on the audit report by other CPAs. Charter Leisure Co., Ltd.'s total assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 accounted for 1.48% and 1.58% of the total consolidated assets, respectively. Its net operating revenues for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 accounted for 3.28% and 13.13% of the consolidated net operating revenues, respectively.

Among the investments using the equity method included in the Group's consolidated financial statements, part of the investees' financial statements were not audited by us but by other CPAs. Therefore, in the opinion we expressed on said consolidated financial statements, such investees' amounts listed in the financial statements were based on the audit report by other CPAs. The investment amount recognized for some investees using the equity method as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 accounted for 0.18% and 0.23% of the total consolidated assets, respectively. The share in the profit or loss of associates using the equity method recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 accounted for (2.88)% and 3.85% of the consolidated net profit(loss) before tax, respectively.

The Group has prepared the standalone financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, for which we have issued an audit report with an unqualified opinion with the "Other matters" paragraph for reference.

# Responsibilities of management and the governing bodies for the consolidated financial statements

The responsibilities of the management are to prepare the consolidated financial statements with fair presentation in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and regulations of IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC and to maintain the necessary internal controls associated with the preparation in order to ensure that the financial

statements are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the ability of the Group in continuing as a going concern, disclosing relevant matters, and adopting the going concern basis of accounting unless the management intends to liquidate the Group or cease the operations without other viable alternatives.

The Group's governing bodies (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for supervising the financial reporting process.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from any material misstatements arising from fraud or error and to issue an independent auditors' report. Reasonable assurance is a high-level assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from frauds or errors. If the amounts of misstatements, either separately or in aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the users of the consolidated financial statements, they are considered material.

We have utilized our professional judgment and professional skepticism when performing the audit work in accordance with the auditing standards of the Republic of China. We also performed the following tasks:

- 1. Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement arising from fraud or error within the consolidated financial statements; designed and executed countermeasures in response to said risks, and obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion. Fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Therefore, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error.
- 2. Understood the internal control related to the audit in order to design appropriate audit procedures under the circumstances, while not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies adopted and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and relevant disclosures made by the management.
- 4. Concluded on the appropriateness of the management's adoption of the going concern basis of accounting based on the audit evidence obtained and whether a material uncertainty exists for events or conditions that may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we are of the opinion that a material uncertainty exists, we shall remind users of the consolidated financial statements to pay attention to the relevant disclosures in said statements within our audit report. If such disclosures are inadequate, we need to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluated the overall presentation, structure, and content of the consolidated financial statements

(including relevant notes), and whether the consolidated financial statements adequately present the relevant transactions and events.

6. Obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence concerning the financial information of entities within the Group, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We were responsible for guiding, supervising, and performing the audit and forming an audit opinion about the Group.

The matters communicated between us and the governing bodies included the planned scope and times of the audit and material audit findings (including any material defects in internal control identified during the audit).

We also provided the governing bodies with a declaration that we have complied with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China regarding independence and communicated with them all relations and other matters that may possibly be regarded as detrimental to our independence (including relevant protective measures).

From the matters communicated with the governing bodies, we determined the key audit matters for the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. We have clearly indicated such matters in the auditors' report. Unless legal regulations prohibit the public disclosure of specific matters, or in extremely rare cases, where we decided not to communicate over specific items in the auditors' report for it could be reasonably anticipated that the negative effects of such disclosure would be greater than the public interest it brings forth.

**KPMG** Taiwan

CPA:

Competent Security Authority Approval Document No. :

Financial Supervisory Commission Approval Document, Reference No.: FSC Zheng-Sheng-Zi NO. 1110333933

Financial Supervisory Commission Approval Document, Reference No.: FSC Zheng-Sheng-

Zi NO. 1000011652

March 6, 2025

# Shihlin Development Company Limited and Its Subsidiaries

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

**Unit: NTD thousand** 

# For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

2024.12.31 2023.12.31 2024,12,31 2023.12.31 Liabilities and equity Assets Amount Amount % Amount **%** Amount **Current liabilities: Current assets:** 2.828.845 29 1100 Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6(1)) 679,664 7 865,395 2100 Short-term borrowings (Note 6(11)) 2,976,200 31 18.142 1170 Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 6(3) and (20)) 20.684 -2110 Short-term notes and bills payable (Note 6(12)) 239,546 1200 95,323 852,872 Other receivables (Note 6(4)) 58,581 1 2130 Contract liabilities - current (Note 6(20)) 739,217 130X Inventories (Notes 6(5) and 8) 6,436,004 66 6,205,515 63 2150 Notes payable 134 -2,621 1410 Prepayments 133,360 1 175,244 2 2170 Accounts payable (Note 7) 491,143 5 365,451 1476 Other financial assets - current (Notes 6(10) and 8) 346,402 388,065 2200 Other payables (Note 7) 132,618 114,028 1479 20,749 7,390 -2230 Other current assets - others Income tax liabilities for the period 766 1480 233,059 226,203 2250 Provision for liabilities - current (Note 6(16)) 4,497 2,564 Incremental cost of obtaining contracts - current 7,962,703 82 7,947,077 81 2280 111,391 Lease liabilities - current (Notes 6(15) and 7) 110,315 2310 Advance receipts 250 646 2320 Long-term liabilities due within one year or one operating cycle (Notes 6 (13) 605,723 **Non-current assets:** 1517 75,797 93,681 and (14)) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-1 current (Note 6(2)) 2399 Other current liabilities - others 16,185 5,294 -4.437.935 45 5.162.371 53 1550 17,301 22,173 -Investments using the equity method (Note 6(6)) 1600 Property, plant and equipment (Notes 6(7) and (26)) 317,856 3 358,676 4 **Non-current liabilities:** 1755 Right-of-use assets (Note 6(8)) 853,299 9 926,059 10 2530 Corporate bonds payable (Note 6(14)) 2,795,533 29 2,196,102 22 1760 Net investment property (Notes 6(9)) 6,809 6,809 -2541 Long-term bank borrowings (Note 6 (13)) 29,217 Intangible assets 612 -811 -2550 Provisions - non-current 9,964 1780 10,154 -1840 Deferred tax assets (Note 6(17)) 6,926 7,758 -2580 Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 6(15) and 7) 856,896 929,497 10 1975 Net defined benefit assets - non-current (Note 6(16)) 5,981 5,983 -2650 Investment credit balance using the equity method (Note 6(6)) 1.047 -1.047 -478,944 1980 2670 Other financial assets - non-current (Notes 6(10), 7 and 8) 5 413,594 4 Other non-current liabilities - others 2,069 882 -1990 510 3,665,699 3,166,709 32 Other non-current assets - others 1,764,035 18 1,835,544 19 8,103,634 83 8,329,080 85 **Total liabilities** Equity attributable to owners of the parent company (Note 6(18)): 3100 Share capital 2,263,791 23 2,263,791 23 3200 Capital surplus 17,484 17,484 3300 Retained earnings (553,298)(710,645) (7)3400 (201,579) (2)(204,278) (2)Other equity Subtotal of equity attributable to owners of the parent company 1,526,398 1,366,352 14 36XX Non-controlling interests (Note 6(18)) 96,706 87,189 **Total equity** 1,623,104 17 1,453,541 15 9,726,738 100 9.782.621 100 **Total assets** Total liabilities and equity 9.726.738 100 9.782.621 100

(Please refer to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements)

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Managerial officer: Lin, Hsin-Cheng Chief accounting officer: Kuo, Ying-Yen

Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan

# Shihlin Development Company Limited and Its Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

**Unit: NTD thousand** 

Montage of the protection of the parameter (Notes 6(20) and 7)         Amount (Note 6(3))         Amount (Note 6(2))         Amount (Note 6(2)) <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th colspan="2">2024</th><th colspan="3">2023</th></th<>			2024		2023		
5000         Operating costs (Note 6(5))         1.864.832         72         305.387         50           Gross profit from operations         727,001         28         303.826         50           6100         Selling expenses: (Notes 6(1s), (16) and 7):         301.817         12         259.887         43           6200         General and administrative expenses         310.817         12         259.887         43           6200         Generating profit (loss)         224.099         9         359.123         35           7100         Net operating income and expenses:         10,162         2         21,711         3           7101         Other comme (Note 6(22))         24,821         1         9,811         2           7102         Other gains and losses (Note 6 (22))         (8,394)         2         21,711         3           7020         Other gains and losses (Note 6 (22))         (8,394)         2         (5,486)         (1)           7040         Finance costs (Notes 6(15), (22) and 7)         (76,463)         3         (79,304)         (1)           7050         Finance profits or losses on associates recognized using the equity method (Note 6(3))         (54,746)         2         (57,614)         (10 <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Amount</th><th>%</th><th>Amount</th><th>%</th></th<>				Amount	%	Amount	%
Cross profit from operations	4000	Operating revenues (Notes 6(20) and 7)	\$	2,591,833	100	609,213	100
Cross profit from operations	5000	Operating costs (Note 6(5))		1,864,832	72	305,387	50
Selling expenses: (Notes 6(15), (16) and 7:   Selling expenses   192,085   7   99,236   16     General and administrative expenses   310,817   12   259,887   43     Selling expensing profit (loss)   252,090   359,123   59     Not-operating income and expenses:   10,162   3   55,297   70     Interest income (Note 6(22))   24,821   1   9,811   2     Other gains and losses (Notes 6(22))   24,821   1   9,811   2     Other gains and losses (Notes 6(22))   24,821   1   9,811   2     Other gains and losses (Notes 6(22))   (8,394)   -				727,001	28	303,826	50
Selling expenses							
Second   General and administrative expenses   310,817   12   259,887   43   502,002   19   359,12   509   500,002   19   359,12   509   500,002   10   505,207   70   70   70   70   70   70   70	6100			192,085	7	99,236	16
Net operating profit (loss)	6200	~ ·		310,817	12	259,887	43
Non-operating income and expenses:   10,162		•		502,902	19	359,123	59
Non-operating income and expenses:   10,162   21,711   3   3   3   3   3   4   4   3   4   3   3		Net operating profit (loss)		224,099	9	(55,297)	(9)
7010         Other income (Notes 6(2) and (22))         24,821         1         9,811         2           7020         Other gains and losses (Note 6 (22))         (8,394)         -         (5,486)         (1)           7050         Finance costs (Notes 6 (15), (22) and 7)         (76,463)         (3)         (79,304)         (13)           7060         Share of profits or losses on associates recognized using the equity method (Note 6(6))         (4,872)         -         (4,346)         (1)           7090         Net income (loss) before tax         169,353         7         (112,911)         (19)           7990         Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(17))         2,086         -         1,986         -           8310         Items not reclassified to profit or loss         167,267         7         (114,897)         (19)           8311         Remeasurement of defined benefit plans         (70)         -         1,079         -           8311         Remeasurement of defined benefit plans         (70)         -         1,079         -           8314         Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income         2,366         -         22,122         4           8549         Less: Income tax related to items not re							
7010         Other income (Notes 6(2) and (22))         24,821         1         9,811         2           7020         Other gains and losses (Note 6 (22))         (8,394)         -         (5,486)         (1)           7050         Finance costs (Notes 6 (15), (22) and 7)         (76,463)         (3)         (79,304)         (1)           7060         Share of profits or losses on associates recognized using the equity method (Note 6(6))         (4,872)         -         (4,346)         (1)           7900         Net income (loss) before tax         169,353         7         (112,911)         (19)           7900         Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(17))         2,086         -         1,986         -           8310         Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(18)):         167,267         7         (114,897)         (19)           8311         Remeasurement of defined benefit plans         (70)         -         1,079         -           8311         Remeasurement of defined benefit plans         (70)         -         1,079         -           8314         Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income         2,366         -         22,322         4           850         Less: Income tax related to items not recla	7100	Interest income (Note 6(22))		10,162	-	21,711	3
7020         Other gains and losses (Note 6 (22))         (8,394)         -         (5,486)         (1)           7050         Finance costs (Notes 6 (15), (22) and 7)         (76,463)         (3)         (79,304)         (13)           7060         Share of profits or losses on associates recognized using the equity method (Note 6(6))         (4,872)         -         (4,346)         (1)           7900         Net income (loss) before tax         169,353         7         (112,911)         (19)           7900         Net income (loss) before tax         169,353         7         (112,911)         (19)           7950         Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(17))         2,086         -         1,986         -           8310         Other comprehensive income (Note 6(18)):         1         167,267         7         (114,897)         (19)           8311         Remeasurement of defined benefit plans         (70)         -         1,079         -           8316         Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income         2,366         -         21,243         4           8349         Less: Income tax related to items not reclassified Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period         2,296         -         22,322	7010			24,821	1	9,811	
Share of profits or losses on associates recognized using the equity method (Note 6(6))   Total non-operating income and expenses   (54,746)   (2) (57,614)   (10)     7900   Net income (loss) before tax   169,353   7 (112,911)   (19)     7950   Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(17))   2,086   - 1,986	7020			(8,394)	-	(5,486)	(1)
Share of profits or losses on associates recognized using the equity method (Note 6(6))   Total non-operating income and expenses   (54,746)   (2)   (57,614)   (10)     7900   Net income (loss) before tax   169,353   7   (112,911)   (19)     7950   Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(17))   2,086   -   1,986   -     Net income (loss) for the period   167,267   7   (114,897)   (19)     8300   Other comprehensive income (Note 6(18)):   1   1   1   1   1     8311   Remeasurement of defined benefit plans   (70)   -   1,079   -     8316   Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income   2,366   -   21,243   4     8349   Less: Income tax related to items not reclassified   -   -   -   -     Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period   2,296   -   22,322   4     8500   Total comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period   2,296   -   22,322   4     8500   Total comprehensive income for the period   2,296   -   22,322   4     8501   Solution   Solution	7050	Finance costs (Notes 6 (15), (22) and 7)		(76,463)	(3)	(79,304)	(13)
Page	7060			(4,872)		(4,346)	
Total non-operating income and expenses		equity method (Note 6(6))					
7900         Net income (loss) before tax         169,353         7         (112,911)         (19)           7950         Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(17))         2,086         -         1,986         -           8300         Other comprehensive income (Note 6(18)):         Items not reclassified to profit or loss           8311         Remeasurement of defined benefit plans         (70)         -         1,079         -           8316         Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income         2,366         -         21,243         4           8349         Less: Income tax related to items not reclassified         -         -         -         -         -           8500         Total comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period         2,296         -         22,322         4           8500         Total comprehensive income for the period         \$169,563         7         (92,575)         (15)           8610         Owners of the parent company         \$157,377         7         (119,308)         (20)           8620         Non-controlling interests         9,890         -         4,411         1           8710         Owners of the parent company         \$160,046         7 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(54,746)</td><td>(2)</td><td>(57,614)</td><td>(10)</td></t<>				(54,746)	(2)	(57,614)	(10)
	7900			169,353	7		(19)
8300 Other comprehensive income (Note 6(18)):         167,267 7 (114,897) (19)           8310 Items not reclassified to profit or loss         1,079 - 1,07	7950	Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(17))		2,086	-		-
Sample   S				167,267	7	(114,897)	(19)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans   (70)   -   1,079   -	8300						
8311       Remeasurement of defined benefit plans       (70)       -       1,079       -         8316       Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income       2,366       -       21,243       4         8349       Less: Income tax related to items not reclassified       - <td>8310</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	8310						
Sample   Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	8311			(70)	-	1,079	-
Sade	8316	Unrealized gains or losses on investment in equity		2,366	-	21,243	4
Sade		instruments at fair value through other comprehensive					
Stool         Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period         2,296         -         22,322         4           Net income (loss) for the period attributable to:           8610         Owners of the parent company         \$ 157,377         7         (119,308)         (20)           8620         Non-controlling interests         9,890         -         4,411         1           8710         Comprehensive income attributable to:         \$ 160,046         7         (97,980)         (16)           8720         Non-controlling interests         9,517         -         5,405         1           8720         Non-controlling interests         9,517         -         5,405         1           8720         Non-controlling interests         9,517         -         5,405         1           8720         Earnings per share (Unit: NTD) (Note 6(19))         \$ 169,563         7         (92,575)         (15)           Earnings (loss) per share         \$ 0.70         (0.53)							
Solid   Total comprehensive income for the period   Net income (loss) for the period attributable to:   Solid   Soli	8349	Less: Income tax related to items not reclassified		-	-	_	-
Net income (loss) for the period attributable to:   8610		Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period		2,296	-	22,322	4
8610       Owners of the parent company       \$ 157,377       7       (119,308)       (20)         8620       Non-controlling interests       9,890       -       4,411       1         Total comprehensive income attributable to:         8710       Owners of the parent company       \$ 160,046       7       (97,980)       (16)         8720       Non-controlling interests       9,517       -       5,405       1         \$ 169,563       7       (92,575)       (15)         Earnings per share (Unit: NTD) (Note 6(19))         9750       Basic earnings (loss) per share       \$ 0.70       (0.53)	8500	Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	169,563	7	(92,575)	(15)
8610       Owners of the parent company       \$ 157,377       7       (119,308)       (20)         8620       Non-controlling interests       9,890       -       4,411       1         Total comprehensive income attributable to:         8710       Owners of the parent company       \$ 160,046       7       (97,980)       (16)         8720       Non-controlling interests       9,517       -       5,405       1         \$ 169,563       7       (92,575)       (15)         Earnings per share (Unit: NTD) (Note 6(19))         9750       Basic earnings (loss) per share       \$ 0.70       (0.53)		Net income (loss) for the period attributable to:					
8620       Non-controlling interests       9,890       -       4,411       1         Total comprehensive income attributable to:         8710       Owners of the parent company       \$ 160,046       7       (97,980)       (16)         8720       Non-controlling interests       9,517       -       5,405       1         8720       Earnings per share (Unit: NTD) (Note 6(19))       \$ 169,563       7       (92,575)       (15)         8750       Basic earnings (loss) per share       \$ 0.70       (0.53)	8610		\$	157,377	7	(119,308)	(20)
State   Comprehensive income attributable to:   State   Company   State   State	8620	Non-controlling interests		9,890	-	4,411	1
State   Comprehensive income attributable to:   State   Company   State   State		•	\$	167,267	7	(114,897)	(19)
8710 Owners of the parent company \$ 160,046 7 (97,980) (16) 8720 Non-controlling interests 9,517 - 5,405 1		Total comprehensive income attributable to:		•		, ,	
8720       Non-controlling interests       9,517 - 5,405   1         \$ 169,563       7 (92,575)   (15)         Earnings per share (Unit: NTD) (Note 6(19))         9750       Basic earnings (loss) per share       \$ 0.70 (0.53)	8710		\$	160,046	7	(97,980)	(16)
Earnings per share (Unit: NTD) (Note 6(19))  Basic earnings (loss) per share  \$ 169,563 7 (92,575) (15)  \$ 0.70 (0.53)	8720			9,517	-	5,405	1
Earnings per share (Unit: NTD) (Note 6(19))  9750 Basic earnings (loss) per share \$ 0.70 (0.53)			\$	169,563	7	(92,575)	(15)
9750 Basic earnings (loss) per share <u>\$ 0.70 (0.53)</u>		Earnings per share (Unit: NTD) (Note 6(19))		<del></del>		,	
	9750		<u>\$</u>		0.70		(0.53)
			\$				(0.53)

(Please refer to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements)

Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan Managerial officer: Lin, Chief accounting officer: Hsin-Cheng Kuo, Ying-Yen

# Shihlin Development Company Limited and Its Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

**Unit: NTD thousand** 

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company									
							Other equity items			
	Sh	are capital	_	I	Retained earnings		Unrealized gain or loss on			
							financial assets at fair value through	Total equity attributable to		
	~			Legal	Deficit to be		other comprehensive	owners of the parent	Non- controlling	
	Cor	mmon stock	Capital surplus	reserve	compensated	Total	income	company	interests	Total equity
Balance as at January 1, 2023	\$	2,263,791	17,484	50,262	(642,066)	(591,804)	(225,139)	1,464,332	81,784	1,546,116
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(119,308)	(119,308)	-	(119,308)	4,411	(114,897)
Comprehensive income for the period		-	<u> </u>	-	467	467	20,861	21,328	994	22,322
Total comprehensive income for the period		-		-	(118,841)	(118,841)	20,861	(97,980)	5,405	(92,575)
Balance as at December 31, 2023		2,263,791	17,484	50,262	(760,907)	(710,645)	(204,278)	1,366,352	87,189	1,453,541
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	157,377	157,377	-	157,377	9,890	167,267
Comprehensive income for the period		-		-	(30)	(30)	2,699	2,669	(373)	2,296
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	157,347	157,347	2,699	160,046	9,517	169,563
Balance as at December 31, 2024	\$	2,263,791	17,484	50,262	(603,560)	(553,298)	(201,579)	1,526,398	96,706	1,623,104

(Please refer to the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements)

Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan Managerial officer: Lin, Hsin-Cheng Chief accounting officer: Kuo, Ying-Yen

# **Shihlin Development Company Limited and Its Subsidiaries**

# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

# For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

**Unit: NTD thousand** 

		2024	2023
sh flow from operating activities:	Ф	1.00.252	(112.011)
Net income (loss) before tax for the period	\$	169,353	(112,911)
Adjustments:			
Income and expenses:		166 452	160 670
Depreciation expense		166,453	168,672
Amortization expense		490	466
Interest expense		76,463	79,304
Interest income		(10,162)	(21,711)
Dividend income		(1,439)	(1,124)
Share of profit or loss of associates recognized using the equity		4,872	4,346
method			
Loss (gain) on disposal and scrapping of property, plant and		44	(157)
equipment			
Reclassification of property, plant and equipment		(564)	129
Others		(4,667)	16,451
Total income and expenses		231,490	246,376
Changes in assets and liabilities related to operating activities:			
Net change in assets related to operating activities:			
Net decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable		2,542	(3,690)
Decrease (increase) in other receivables		(35,791)	1,604
Increase in inventory		(158,577)	(1,549,161
Decrease (increase) in prepayments		38,698	(40,855
Decrease (increase) in other current assets		(12,256)	1,837
Increase in net defined benefit assets		(68)	(83)
Increase in incremental cost of obtaining contracts		(6,856)	-
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets		(32,362)	73,153
Total net change in assets related to operating activities		(204,670)	(1,517,195)
Net change in liabilities related to operating activities:		, - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -	<u> </u>
Increase in contract liabilities		113,655	131,248
Increase (decrease) in notes payable		(2,487)	2,251
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		130,394	(94,974)
Increase in other payables		15,482	16,205
Increase (decrease) in provision		1,932	(1,456)
Decrease in advance receipts		(395)	(345)
Decrease (increase) in other current liabilities		10,891	(1,316
Total net change in liabilities related to operating activities	-	269,472	51,613
Total net changes in assets and liabilities related to	-	64,802	(1,465,582)
operating activities		04,002	(1,403,362
		206 202	(1 210 206
Total adjustments		296,292	(1,219,206
Cash inflows (outflows) from operations		465,645	(1,332,117
Interest received		9,211	22,315
Dividends received		1,439	1,124
Interest paid		(141,557)	(89,115)
Income tax paid		(2,587)	(4,851)
Net cash inflows (outflows) from operating activities		332,151	(1,402,644)

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of Shihlin Development Company Limited and Its Subsidiaries (Continued)

Cash flow from investing activities:		
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	20,250	-
income		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(13,598)	(17,317)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	446
Acquisition of intangible assets	(291)	(777)
Increase in other financial assets	(255,217)	(58,254)
Decrease in other financial assets	263,890	235,165
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets	(510)	185
Net cash inflow from investing activities	14,524	159,448
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Increase in short-term borrowings	1,368,245	1,793,000
Decrease in short-term borrowings	(1,515,600)	(684,023)
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable	(240,000)	240,000
Issuance of corporate bonds	600,000	-
Repayment of corporate bonds	(600,000)	-
Long-term borrowings	-	35,000
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(35,000)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	1,194	248
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	(7)	(135)
Lease principal repayment	(111,238)	(129,102)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	(532,406)	1,254,988
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period	(185,731)	11,792
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	865,395	853,603
Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 679,664</u>	865,395

# [Annex 4]

# Shihlin Development Company Limited Profit and loss appropriation table 2024

Unit: NT\$

Item	Amount
Losses to be made up at opening	(760,907,696)
Add: Net profit after tax for the year	157,377,492
Less: Other comprehensive income – change in remeasurement of defined benefit plans for the period	(30,246)
Losses to be made up at closing	(603,560,450)

Chairman: Hsu, Yu-Shan Managerial officer: Chief accounting officer:

Lin, Hsin-Cheng Kuo, Ying-Yen

[Annex 5]
Comparison table before and after amendments of the Articles of Incorporation of Shihlin Development Company Ltd.

Shihlin	<b>Development Company Ltd.</b>	
Amended article	Current article	Descriptions
Article 8-3	-	Added to meet the
The shareholder meetings may be		requirements of Article
held by teleconferencing or other		172-2 of the Company
means announced by the central		Act.
authority.		
If video conferencing is used in a		
shareholder meeting, shareholders		
who participate in the meeting via		
video conferencing are considered to		
be in attendance in person.		
Article 14	Article 14	
The Company has seven to nine	The Company has seven to nine	Subject to the Key
directors. The number of directors is	directors. The number of directors is	Points for Compliance in
authorized by the Board of Directors	authorized by the Board of Directors	the Establishment and
meeting. A candidate's nomination	meeting. A candidate's nomination	Exercise of Powers of
system is adopted by the Company	system is adopted by the Company	the Board of Directors in
for election of the directors of the	for election of the directors of the	OTC Companies and the
company, and the shareholders'	company, and the shareholders'	introduction of the
meeting shall elect the directors from	meeting shall elect the directors from	"Corporate Governance
a list of candidates. The term of	a list of candidates. The term of	Blueprint 3.0".
office of a director shall not exceed	office of a director shall not exceed	
three years, but he/she may be	three years, but he/she may be	
eligible for re-election. In case no	eligible for re-election. In case no	
election of new directors is effective	election of new directors is effective	
after expiration of the term of office	after expiration of the term of office	
of existing directors, the term of	of existing directors, the term of	
office of out-going directors shall be	office of out-going directors shall be	
extended until the time new directors	extended until the time new directors	
have been elected and assumed their	have been elected and assumed their	
office.	office.	
Among the number of directors as	Among the number of directors as	
mentioned in the preceding	mentioned in the preceding	
paragraph, the number of	paragraph, the number of	
independent directors shall be at	independent directors shall be at	

	I	T
Amended article	Current article	Descriptions
least three and shall not be less than	least three and shall not be less than	
<u>one-third</u> of the number of directors.	one-fifth of the number of directors.	
Independent and non-independent	Independent and non-independent	
directors shall be elected at the same	directors shall be elected at the same	
time, but in separately calculated	time, but in separately calculated	
numbers. Regulations governing the	numbers. Regulations governing the	
professional qualifications,	professional qualifications,	
restrictions on shareholdings and	restrictions on shareholdings and	
concurrent positions held, method of	concurrent positions held, method of	
nomination, and other matters for	nomination, and other matters for	
compliance with respect to	compliance with respect to	
independent directors shall be	independent directors shall be	
prescribed by the competent	prescribed by the competent	
securities authorities.	securities authorities.	
The Company based on "Securities	The Company based on "Securities	
and Exchange Act" has established	and Exchange Act" has established	
an audit committee to replace the	an audit committee to replace the	
duties of supervisors.	duties of supervisors.	
The audit committee shall be	The audit committee shall be	
composed of the entire number of	composed of the entire number of	
independent directors. It shall not be	independent directors. It shall not be	
fewer than three persons in number,	fewer than three persons in number,	
one of whom shall be committee	one of whom shall be committee	
convener, and at least one of whom	convener, and at least one of whom	
shall have accounting or financial	shall have accounting or financial	
expertise.	expertise.	
Article 22:	Article 22:	
If there is a profit for the current	If there is a profit for the current	Amended in accordance
year, the Company shall set aside:	year, the Company shall set aside:	with Jin-Guan-Zheng-
1. 5% as the maximum	1. 5% as the maximum	Fa-Zi Document
remuneration to directors.	remuneration to directors.	#1130385442.
2. 8% as remuneration to	2. 8% as remuneration to	
employees.	employees.	
However, profits must first be	However, profits must first be	
reserved to offset against cumulative	reserved to offset against cumulative	
losses.	losses.	

Amended article	Current article	Descriptions
The employee remuneration referred		
to in the preceding paragraph shall		
have no less than 15% of the amount		
allocated as remuneration for entry-		
level employees.		
The remuneration to employees may		
be paid in cash, and the terms and		
payment method shall be determined		
by the Board of Directors.		
Article 24	Article 24	
The Articles of Incorporation were	The Articles of Incorporation were	Dates of amendments
formulated on December 27, 1983	formulated on December 27, 1983	added.
1st amendment on March 23,	1st amendment on March 23,	
1984(Omitted)	1984(Omitted)	
28th amendment on May 27, 2025	27th amendment on May 27, 2021	

# [Annex 6]

List of candidates for directors and independent directors

G			s una maepenaem an ector	
Category of candidates	Names of candidates	Academic degree credentials	Major hands-on experiences	Number of shares held
Director	Shunlin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Hsu, Yu-Shan	Graduated from Department of Cooperative Economics, National Chung Hsing University	Chairman, Shihlin Development Director, Qun Xin Properties Co., Ltd.	2,361,184
Director	Representative of Chuang Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.: Li, Chang-Lin	Graduated from Department of Economics, Boston University	Director, Shihlin Development Chairman, Qun Xin Properties Co., Ltd.	20,374,118
Director	Xiemei Industrial Co., Ltd. Representative: Yeh, Chi-Chao	Graduated from Department of Economics, San Francisco State University, USA	Director, Shihlin Development Chairman of Hong Chien Construction Co., Ltd.	9,977,374
Director	Lin, Hsin-Cheng	Graduated from Urban Planning Group, Graduate Institute of Industrial Planning, Chinese Culture University	Director and President, Shihlin Development Independent Director, Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd.	2,188,880
Director	Chen, Hui-Yu	Department of Animal Science, National Taiwan University	Chairman of Choice Development, Inc. Chairman Independent Director, Senao Networks, Inc. Independent Director, Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd. Independent Director, Maywufa Company Ltd. Independent Director, Tcm Biotech International Corp.	6,381,120
Independent Director	Wang, Chia-Kun	Master of Business Administration, National University, San Diego, USA	Independent Director, Shihlin Development Chairman of Chin Shen Health management consultant Co.,	0
Independent Director	Chen, Chia-Hsiu	Graduated from Department of Accounting, Soochow University	Independent Director, Shihlin Development Partner Certified Public Accountant, KPMG Certified Public Accountants Independent Director, Lucky Royal Co., Ltd. Director, Omni Media International Incorporation Independent director of Chungshan Huali Group Independent Director, ZA Insure	0
Independent Director	Chiu, Hsiao-Han	PhD, Graduate Institute of Technology Management and Intellectual Property, National Chengchi University Master of Innovative Technology and Intellectual Property Law, University of Edinburgh	Taiwan High Court Criminal Court Judge Mediation judge of the Criminal Division of the Judicial Yuan Taiwan Taipei District Court - Chief Judge Criminal Court Judge, Taiwan Taipei District Court Judge of the Civil Summary Division of Taipei District Court, Taiwan	0

[Annex 7]
Contents of prohibition of business strife upon the directors and independent directors are as enumerated below:

Name of director	Contents of prohibition of business strife
	Director, Qun Xin Properties Co., Ltd.
Director, Hsu, Yu-Shan	Director, Shunlin Investment Co.,
	Director, Prospect Hospitality Co., Ltd.
Director, Li, Chang-Lin	Chairman, Qun Xin Properties Co., Ltd.
	Chairman, Prospect Hospitality Co., Ltd.
	Director, Ambassador Hotel Co., Ltd.
Director, Yeh, Chi-Chao	Chairman of Hong Chien Construction Co., Ltd.
	Chairman, Taiwan Malt Ind. Co., Ltd.
	Chairman & President of Chung He Construction Co., Ltd.
	Director, Prospect Hospitality Co., Ltd.
	Director, Ve Wong Corporation
Director, Lin, Hsin-Cheng	Independent Director, Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd.
Director, Chen, Hui-Yu	Chairman of Choice Development, Inc. Chairman
	Independent Director, Teco Electric & Machinery Co., Ltd.
	Director, Prospect Hospitality Co., Ltd.
Independent Director, Chen,	Independent Director, Lucky Royal Co., Ltd.
Chia-Hsiu	Director, Omni Media International Incorporation